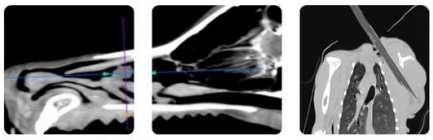

SonoPath.com info@sonopath.com 1.800.838.4268

PATIENT

Delilah Mackay

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Lab Retriever

SEX

FS

AGE

4yr

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Wilson Veterinary Hospital

REFERRING VET

Richmond Veterinary Hospital

INVOICE

24161

DATE

03/11/2026

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Forelimb lameness developed in the last 3-4 months

Radiographs at rDVM support elbow dysplasia and degenerative joint disease

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ELBOWS

Plain study available for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

RIGHT

Mild periarticular osteophyte formation is noted in the anconeus process, radial head and medial humeral condyle and epicondyle consistent with degenerative joint disease. The medial coronoid process is irregular and outlined with extensive heterogeneity and demineralization of the tip of the medial coronoid process, which is also irregularly outlined.

Focal subchondral sclerosis of the medial humeral condyle is seen, as well as in the trochlear notch of the ulna.

LEFT

The medial coronoid process presents mild irregularity and heterogeneity. Mild periarticular osteophyte formation is seen. There is no evidence of lesions within the medial humeral condyle. Mild sclerosis of the trochlear notch of the ulna is present.

There is no evidence of ununited anconeal process in either of the elbows.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Bilateral elbow dysplasia, characterized primarily by medial coronoid disease.
- Mild secondary degenerative joint disease of both elbows.
- Suspect contact lesion of the medial humeral condyle in the right elbow.

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT findings of the right elbow suggest presence of medial coronoid pathology with micro fracturing or osteomalacia, as well as a contact lesion/ secondary medial compartment disease of the medial humeral condyle. Mild secondary osteoarthritic changes are present.

The findings of the left elbow are less pronounced, however, also indicative of medial coronoid pathology without obvious fragmentation and mild secondary degenerative joint disease.

Bilateral arthroscopic revision of the elbows should be considered, depending on the clinical correlation.

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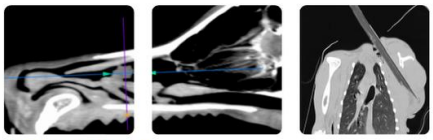

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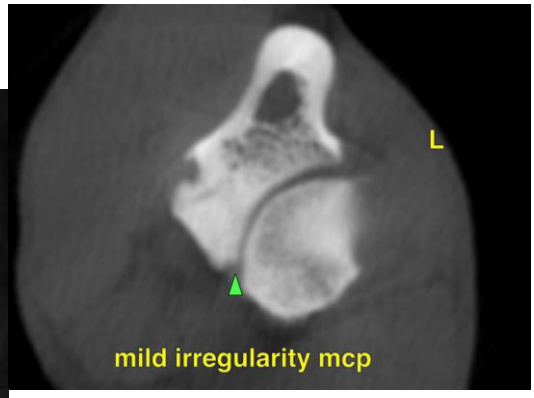

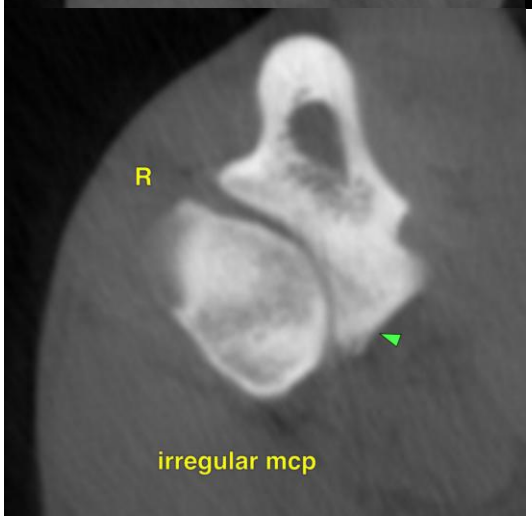

HOSPITAL NAME

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

REFERRING VET

Richmond Veterinary Hospital

Nele Eley (Ondreka), DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI
European Specialist in Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging, Cert. Radiology,
Senior lecturer University of Giessen/Germany, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Radiology.
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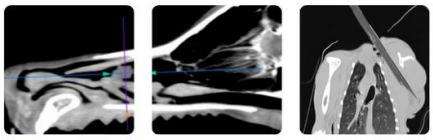

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